Y7 French Overview

Half Term	Topics	Key Grammar
HT1	 How you feel French alphabet Birthdays Numbers How to use a dictionary 	Quantifiers, adjectival endings, reflexive verbs, question words (quel), pronouns, avoir, definite articles, indefinite articles
HT2	 Family Physical descriptions Character descriptions 	Il y a, definite articles, indefinite articles, possessive adjectives, subordinate clauses, pronouns, avoir, être, adjectival agreement
HT3	 Character descriptions Extension of family Animals Likes/dislikes Likes/dislikes of food 	Pronouns, irregular verbs, present tense , quantifiers, negatives , plurals , subordinate clauses, adjectival endings, gender, infinitive structures
HT4	 Likes/dislikes of food What you eat and when What you would like to eat 	Infinitive structures, partitive articles, ce sont + plural endings, definite articles, subordinate clauses, je voudrais + noun/infinitive, irregular verbs
HT5	 Likes/dislikes of food Expressing opinions Recap of HT 4 + 5 so far Questions/answers in a café 	Infinitive structures, connectives, intensifiers, je voudrais + noun/infinitive , question words , opinion phrases, irregular verbs
HT6	 Questions/answers in a café Hobbies (myself and others) Present tense verbs 	Adjectival agreements, j'aime + infinitive , partitive articles, gender, er verb endings, re + ir verb endings, negatives, irregular verbs

Y8 French Overview

Half Term	Topics	Key Grammar
HT1	Time (24-hour clock) Daily routine School routine School subjects	Revision of ER, IR, RE verb conjugations Reflexive verbs Adjectival agreement Hier j'ai étudié/c'était/ Demain je vais avoir
HT2	School Subjects School timetable with opinions School uniform Break time food and drink	Present tense verbs Revision of Avoir Opinions plus nouns Hier j'ai mangé/bu/porté/c'était/ Demain je vais manger/boire/porter
HT3	Jobs Disadvantages and advantages of jobs The near future tense Future Plans	The Near Future tense Aller + infinitive verbs Future Tense time expressions J'amerais/je voudrais linked to future plans Masculine/feminine jobs
HT4	Places in town What you can do in your town - "On peut" Directions	Using Il y a with nouns Using 'On peut' plus infinitive verbs Je voudrais avoir/vous trouverez – future reference Past tense phrases – dans le passé il y avait Complex opinion phrases 'ce qui/ce que' Using the connective 'où' Direction phrases – pour aller au/à la/aux
HT5	Where we live – areas such as a housing estate, in the country Rooms in the house My ideal house	Prepositions with countries and cities Masculine and feminine countries Revision of regular ER verb conjugation – habiter Revision of connectives, intensifiers and opinions Conditional tense through revision of 'je voudrais' plus other conditional verb forms – serait/il y aurait Si clauses linked to the conditional tense and ideal house
HT6	A visit to Paris Describing Paris and what you did there Opinions of Paris Weather Bastille Day Describing an evening out in the past tense	The Perfect Tense – regular ER,IR,RE verbs and irregular verbs 'fait/vu/bu/lu/pris' Past tense opinions – c'était + adj Weather expressions with nous/verbs/adj Using <i>Quand</i> and <i>S'il y a /</i> il y avait+ weather Forming questions in the Perfect tense

Y9 French Overview

Half Term	Topics	Key Grammar
HT1 and HT2	1. Describing TV, Music and film - giving reasons and opinions 2. Free time activities focus on writing in two time frames (present and past) including past tense reasons and opinions	Revision of the present tense formation of regular ER/IR/RE verbs The perfect tense of regular verbs with avoir, irregular past tense verbs with avoir, past tense with être verbs, Present tense of common irregular verbs – faire, aller, envoyer, partir Ce, c' and ça, using grace à The perfect tense of regular verbs with être.
HT3	Talking about Technology and how and what we use it for. Talking about Technology we used in the past, and who we used it with.	Frequency adverbs, Present Tense Time phrases. Review of Present tense verbs. Use of present participle " en regardant/tchattant" Using Après avoir + past participle Review of perfect tense verbs. Review of reflexive verbs in the past.
HT4 and HT5	1. Talking about the sports you like using present tense and near future tense. 2. Sports and Extreme sports you will do in the future and would like to do.	Jouer à and faire de, present tense infinitive structures, irregular verb aller with immediate future tense, pure future tense, 'je voudrais + infinitive', Subordinating conjunctions (lorsque/si/puisque/étant donné que/quand), pronouns y and en, expressing agreement and disagreement, conditional tense and 'si' clauses
HT6	1. Describing holiday destinations – countries and regions 2. Describing holidays in the present tense – who with, transport, accommodation, weather. 3. Talking about what we did on holiday – using the perfect tense	Using prepositions for countries and modes of transport Revision and extension of negative phrases Sequencing words and phrases Revision of the perfect tense with avoir and être, past participle agreement Review of weather phrases in the present tense.

Y10 French Overview Term 1

	Topics and Intent	Key Grammar	Phonics
	Unit 1: Identity and relationships with others		
	Describe your physical appearance, where you live, and your likes / dislikes.	The present tense of regular - <i>er</i> verbs The position of adjectives	
	Describe a person's character and personality.	The present tense of regular - <i>re</i> verbs Adjective agreement	Silent final - <i>e</i> and final consonants
Half Term 1 (September	Describe your future plans, referring to different types of partnerships, including pros and cons.	The future tense of regular <i>-er</i> verbs Ne aucun(e)	
- October)	Describe relationships with family.	Reflexive verbs in the present tense <i>Qui</i>	
	Refer to different types of families.	The present tense of regular - <i>ir</i> verbs Comparative adjectives	- <i>aill- </i>
	Describe relationships with friends. Describe the qualities of a good friend and refer to any problems in friendships.	The present participle of regular verbs Impersonal verbs	Soft <i>g</i> , hard <i>g</i> and <i>gn</i>

	Topics and Intent	Key Grammar	Phonics
	Unit 2: Healthy	living and lifestyle	•
	Give preferences for food and drink. Refer to attitudes to fast food and cooking.	Imperatives in the <u>tu</u> form Interrogative adjective: <u>quel</u>	qu
	Decribe health problems. Refer to addictions (smoking / vaping, drugs and alcohol). Give reasons for staying healthy and consequences of not staying healthy.	The perfect tense of regular verbs with <i>avoir</i> Indirect object pronouns (singular forms)	
Ialf Term 2	Compare present lifestyle choices and future intentions. Describe sporting activities and ways of keeping	Irregular present participles Impersonal expressions	
lovember -	fit. Refer to healthy choices, including physical and		
ecember)	mental well-being. Describe lifestyle choices and habits. Refer to physical and mental well-being.	Pouvoir and devoir Ordinal numbers	
	Describe recent activities, including sporting activities, ways of keeping fit and food choices.	Negative constructions Nouns ending in - <i>tion</i>	-tion
	Refer to physical and mental well-being, reasons for staying healthy, and consequences of not staying healthy. Express opinions about food choices, smoking,	The conditional of regular - <i>er</i> verbs Superlative adjectives	
	drugs, and alcohol, including consequences.		

Y10 French Overview Term 2

	Topics and Intent	Key Grammar	Phonics
	Unit 3: Educ	ation and work	•
	Express opinions about school rules and uniform.	<i>Pouvoir</i> and <i>devoir</i> Ordinal numbers	
	Express opinions about school subjects. Describe personal qualities. Refer to education post-16: options available, advantages and disadvantages, future intentions and plans.	Negative constructions Nouns ending in - <i>tion</i>	-tion
Half Term 3 (January –	Describe your dream school, expressing opinions about school subjects, rules, uniform, and teachers.	The conditional of regular - <i>er</i> verbs Superlative adjectives	
February)	Give opinions on different jobs, including advantages and disadvantages.	Il faut + infinitive Feminine person nouns	
	Refer to ideal job, personal ambitions, and skills required.	<i>Il y a</i> and <i>il y aura</i> Indefinite adjectives	c and ç, s, qu and th
	Describe work experience, including recognising opportunities to use language skills.	<i>Être en train de</i> and <i>venir de</i> + infinitive Adverbs of quantity	

	Topics and Intent	Key Grammar	Phonics
	Unit 4: Free	-time activities	
	Refer to past activities, including hobbies and sports.	The imperfect tense of regular verbs Adverbs ending in -ment	
	Describe leisure activities in the past. Add details regarding when, where, and who with.	The perfect tense with <i>avoir.</i> irregular past participles Emphatic pronouns (<i>moi, toi</i>)	<i>u</i> and <i>ou</i> , <i>oi</i> and <i>oy</i>
Half Term 4 (March – April)	Describe TV, cinema and music preferences. Express positive and negative opinions about own and other people's hobbies. Refer to relationships with family. Refer to events involving famous people, e.g., TV, film, and music.	Reflexive verbs in the present tense (plural forms) Reflexive pronouns in the correct position	Liaison
	Refer to future plans for leisure activities. Express opinions.	Revising the near future tense Partitive articles (<i>du, de la, de l', des</i>)	-tion, -sion, -ssio
	Refer to and give opinions on leisure activities around the world.	The perfect tense with <i>être</i> <i>En</i> and <i>à</i> with places	<i>e</i> and <i>eu</i> , é, <i>-er</i> , <i>-</i> <i>ez</i>
	Give opinions about extreme sports and refer to sporting events, including nationally renowned events such as the Tour de France.	Modal verbs in the perfect tense Agreement with preceding direct object pronouns	

Y10 French Overview Term 3

	Topics and Intent	Key Grammar	Phonics
	Unit 5: Customs, festivals and celebrations		
	Refer to celebrations with family and friends such as birthdays. Learn about local festivals in a French-speaking community.	C'est and il y a Question words and subject–verb inversion	
	Refer to and give opinions on festivals and celebrations with family and friends such as birthdays, religious events and other special days.	The present tense of some common irregular verbs Direct object pronouns (<i>me, te, vous, le, la</i>)	- <i>eur -œur</i> and <i>r</i>
f n	Describe local / national festivals in the UK. Learn about festivals and traditions / customs in French-speaking countries / communities, e.g., Morocco, Switzerland.	The imperfect tense <i>Y</i> and <i>en</i>	
	Describe a recent festival with family or friends.	Revising the perfect tense with <i>avoir</i> and <i>être</i> Forming irregular plural nouns	Liaison
	Learn about country traditions and customs such as religious events and local or national festivals. Refer to food on special occasions and at celebrations.	Two tenses together (past and near future) Functions of definite and indefinite articles	
	Give opinions of different types of festivals, e.g., music / film festivals. Learn about nationally renowned festivals such as the Cannes film festival.	The future tense of <i>être, avoir, aller</i> and <i>faire</i> Relative clauses with <i>que, qui,</i> <i>quand</i> and <i>où</i>	

	Topics and Intent	Key Grammar	Phonics
	Unit 6: Cele	ebrity culture	
	Refer to different routes to fame, including music, film, TV, fashion, culture and technology.	The perfect tense of <i>avoir, être, faire</i> and <i>prendre</i> <i>de</i> to indicate possession	
	Give opinions on a variety of celebrities. Understand tips for becoming famous.	The imperative (<i>tu</i> and <i>vous</i> forms) Infinitives used as nouns	<i>i, y</i> and <i>-ien</i>
Half Term 6 (June	Consider how and why people might become famous. Refer to personal ambitions and skills required. Give opinions about celebrities, referring to social media.	The conditional of <i>avoir, être, faire</i> and <i>aller</i> Emphatic pronouns (<i>lui, elle, nous,</i> <i>vous, eux, elles</i>)	
	Give personal details and describe the abilities and	Savoir + infinitive Demonstrative adjectives (<i>ce, cet, cette, ces</i>)	è, ê, ai and c'est, ces, sais
	Refer to the advantages and disadvantages of being famous. Understand celebrity magazines / articles / podcasts involving famous people and influencers.	The present tense of <i>avoir, être, faire</i> and <i>aller</i> Possessive adjectives	<i>j, g, ch</i> and <i>gn</i>
	Learn about French-speaking celebrities, their activities and their influence on young people / wider society. Give personal details on a variety of celebrities / famous people. Refer to events involving famous people, e.g., music, culture, sport, and film.	The perfect tense of reflexive verbs <i>Il y a</i> and <i>depuis</i>	

Y11 KS4 French Overview 2024-2025 (Old course – last exam summer 2025)

Half Term	Topics	Key Grammar
HT1	To re-cap jobs and the advantages and disadvantages of jobs . Family and Friends – talking about relationships. Marriage and Divorce – Would you like to get married. Discussing future relationship choices	Consolidation of perfect/imperfect tenses (avoir, être and faire), agreement of être verbs, using three-time frames Reflexive verbs Direct Object Pronouns The Immediate and the future tense Using Dont
HT2	To discuss the pros and cons of Social media, the advantages, disadvantages and uses of Mobile technology , Discussing the benefits and dangers of mobile technology	Revision of present tense <i>er/ir/re</i> verbs, using ' <i>on'</i> , <i>ce/ça</i> . Interrogative adjectives, irregular verb revision <i>aller/faire</i> , , present tense revision of more irregular verbs
	Free-time: To describe TV and film preferences and habits. To talk about food, mealtimes and food in francophone countries linked specifically to free-time	revision of irregular past tense verbs with avoir, past tense with être verbs, quantities and the partitive article Infinitive structures, irregular verb aller, simple future tense, revision of the pure future tense, 'je voudrais + infinitive', demonstrative pronouns
HT3	Free-time (cont): talking about the sports you like, extreme sports and risk taking	Subordinating conjunctions (lorsque/si/puisque/étant donné que/quand), pronouns y and en, expressing agreement and disagreement,
	Talking about different charities and charity work , understanding the importance of charities To discuss Social issues and inequality, discussing Poverty in the world,	'it' and 'that' –'ce' 'c" and 'ça' Interrogative adjectives pronoun revision moi/toi/lui/elle enhanced statements of possibility including permettre de, il est possible que + subjunctive, imperative (tu/vous), verbs of possibility, si + imperfect, subjunctive, contrasting il faut de/il faut que + subj

Half Term	Topics	Key Grammar
HT4	Describing local Environmental issues and actions including what you do at home to help the environment, discussing environmental problems and their solutions, discussing Global solutions	Revision of <i>devoir</i> and <i>pouvoir</i> (present tense and conditional), <i>si</i> + present tense + future tense, recognising and using the pluperfect tense Revision of <i>vouloir</i> , conditional of <i>vouloir</i> and <i>aimer</i> , indefinite pronouns, <i>en</i> + present participle , <i>vouloir que/il est possible que</i> + subjunctive , <i>ce que</i> , revision of the present tense, common irregular verbs in the present and past, avec/sans, <i>grâce</i> à
HT5	To develop confidence with the writing exam in terms of exam technique and accessing top band marks Identity and culture revisionfamily, free time Revision of Local, national, international and global areas of interest- town and healthy/unhealthy living Current and future study- life at school and college revision Jobs, career choices, ambitions, future relationship plans revision	Tense revision: present, imperfect, perfect, future, conditional Revision of <i>Si</i> clauses and reflexive verbs Revision of Modal verbs, direct and indirect object pronouns, adjective endings Revision of <i>qui</i> and <i>que</i> , subjunctive set phrases
HT6	NA	